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INFORMATION REPORT

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SUBJECT Chemical Vespons in this Rumanian Army

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- 2. Form to the summer of 1950 the Rumanian Army had no training in chemical parture and no units dealing with it. In the summer of that year the Rudinan Ministry set up an "Army Chemical Germand" (General month) of the Admittal). This command was largely manual by Seriet official and Street in Chemical and Street and Street in Chemical and Street in the State of the special schools for the instruction of officers of the shekded and 25.
- 2. Such efflore are etteched to the "Chemical Center of the Aum." The commander is General Zim/. Danier
- 3. There are three courses under the Chemical Center. The first is a training battalion for officers of the lowest grade, up to captain. The training is to instruct the efficers in telling their troops how to handle chemical means of unclear. After passing through the course officers are assigned to troop unthe.
- 4. There is also a training bettalion for special chemical officers. The officers in this course are of the same rank as those in that mentioned above. However, they take special instruction with a view to being used in enemy back areas. They also have a course in besteriological verfere. Some of the students in this course are taken to the USER for instruction.

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5. The third training battalion is for staff officers of chemical troops.

While the officers in the other two battalions receive a great deal of training on the actual handling of war chemicals, the technical courses have are lose important. The instruction looks toward training officers to command chemical troops, political officers and superintendents of

chemical factories. Numbers of this course are especially cerefully screene

- 6. Sweetling for all courses is quite thorough. It is essiest to get into the first hatfallon mentioned. In the other two, political attitude is of the greature importance, and membership in the Communist Party or at least the Communist Youth is a primary requirement. In the staff course only those are accepted who have a record of being Party functionaries over a period of years. In addition those are looked for who already have some special knowledge, such as doctors, phermacists or industrial chemists.
- 7. The Chemical Center is located at the edge of Pigiras. Its buildings are en both sides of the road leading to Brasov. On the north the area is berdered by the Pigiras-Sibiu railroad. The area is surrounded by berbed wire and elecely guarded. The merthern section of the installation includes a staff building, a radio building, three quarters buildings of the received battelien, and an assembly building. The last contains a printshop where the printing of the building is done. South of the read there are printshop where the printing of the buildings in layers in the two more advanced courses are quartered. Buch quarters building contains its own laboratory.
- 8. The storehouses and garages hold about 20 tank trucks of the Soviet Heleter type, each with a sepacity of 5,000 liters. Each is supplied with a motor compressor, and can be used as a sprinkling cert. There are also several heavy morters and about thirty 97 mm guns. See protective material, such as ges media, speciative abouting and filture, hre stored in a row of minasimm. In a most, indicating near thir staff building are abored gas mines, gas, grandes and material materials. The materials as the staff of splinders containing adhesives and thermites.
- 9. Come is also a library of foreign becamical liberature, work have had seen instruction in Typice or Germany.
- 10. But draining purposes, the Chemisal Center is divided into the three training bettelions mentioned, a hattelion for chemical research, and a special postion for the training of officers and noncommissioned officers of other arms, who take two-and three-month besic training courses.
- 11. The shiders of the three bettelions of chemical officers have two months of heale infinity training. They are then pledged to scarcey teriors beginning chemical braining. There are no special insignia or uniform.
- 12. Instructors are both officers and civilians. The latter are forbidden to move should the Benter. They go directly to the rooms where they give instruction and their they are finished; leave immediately. The officers are gas specialists them the old army, redalled to service when the Center was set up. Some samples are Capt / The Transactivesty. Who had charge of sembuffings at Ploestidur-ding World War II Capt / The Jann, who gives instruction in an Ploestidur-ding world war II Capt / The Jann, who gives instruction in an Ploestidur-ding world was a doctor of chemistry. He also lectures on stonic weapons. In the spring of 1952 Banu was transferred to a building complex 12 km southeast of Pigras, which is closely watched, and it is said that uranium refining goes on there.

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- 13. The courses include: theoretical training, political training, chemical seminare, laboratory research, training in geography, and special sepret courses.
- 14. The ministral courses include both organic and inorganic chemistry with special emphasis on coal ter derivatives. The courses in physics include cleanable; instruction in the behavior of gases, with besic training in secursties, optics and electricity. The mathematical course are about of the good of a security select. There is a strong course in meteorology. In the courses on ver gases less attention is paid to their chemical constitution than to their uses, immaling and protection against them. Gases treated include Tperite, Lewisite, nitragen-Tperite, tear gas, diphenyl-sysno-arsene, hydrodysmic soid, di-brone, di-chrone, phesgene and di-phosgene preparations. Smokes and includery properations are studied, but always with the emphasis rather on handling than on chemical composition. (* Possibly an error for di-chlor,)
- 15. Receriological warfare is treated under the name of "physiopathology."

 Special emphasis is laid on the use of bacteriological warfare by the US
 Ring, but as a practical matter there is less training in defense them in the
 cultivation of bacterial cultures. In the courses it is explained that this
 is the development of a method which was being used by the US on an island
 off the regard of Rores which fell into Communist hands. Types of culture are
 studied, optimum temperatures, virility of the cultures, etc. Films (estampting howim
 bacteria-delivering bombs as used by the US form part of the church.
 Some specialists in physiopathology are sent to the USSR for further instruction.
- 16: Becontamiration of men and areas is taught only in a theoretical and very superficial manner. There is some instruction on the chemistry of decembering tron.
- 17. The interist and handling of protective clothing are taught tegether. There are two types of protective clothing in the Rumanian Army, both manufactured by the Soviets, a light type of impregnated material, and a heavy type resembling a diverse gear. The masks are also the subject of instruction, as well as protected recemband bunkers fitted with filters and with oxygen equipment.
- 18: There is a course in topography like that in other military schools. The tratical courses place emphasis on the handling of chemical materials.
- 19: Buch of the three bettalions undertakes practical research with poisonous gases and the defense against them. They are serviced out with mice. There are also qualitative and quantitative analyses of gases.
- 20. Puring the second year of training there are field exercises in the exercise area attached to the Center. One of the main objectives was the study of new gmeld sandles of Seviet production. The whole personnel of the Center took that the bettalions equipped with gas masks produced to de-gas an dree which had been gassed by the other. The candle in question is about 20 cm in dismeter and 15 cm high, with a wick, which gives off a thick, milky smoke on being lighted. Each candle can cover a front area of 100 m.
- 21. Participants in the secret special course are forbidden to make notes. While these courses are being given the guards at the lecture rooms are ecoposed of machers of the staff officers battalion. The courses are given by Soviet officers in Russian, with a Rumanian translator. The courses concern chamical

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warfare in Kores and the preparation of the Rumanian Army for chemical warfare. In these courses it is explained that the UN forces in Kores used both chemical and bacteriological warfare, employing di-brems and di-brems methyl alcohol; that the Soviet Union is well swere that the best defense is an attack, and that therefore it is necessary to be

ready to handle chemical and bacteriological means of attack. Toward the close of the lecture the lecturer spoke of a new gas used by the UN treeps in Korse, "tabun gas." He also spoke of the use of atomic materials, but in so confused a manner that no one could make sense of what he was saying.

22. In the political courses there were taught historical and dislectic materia

- 22. In the political courses there were taught historical and dislectic materialism, military history, Party history, and the history of the Rumanian republic. Secondary school preparation is required for the course in historical and dislectic meterialism. The Roman Catholic Church is regarded as enemy No. 1 of materialism; the Orthodox Church is regarded as somewhat more progressive, since certain. Seviet priests have converted their churches into houses of culture. The course in military history begins with the Russian revolution and the underground movement during the time of the Tsars. As far as it concerns the Western Allies only their failures are discussed. Western aid to the Soviets is talked down. Students are taught that the technical quality of Soviet respons is far above that of the Allied arms. A feature of this course is instruction in partisan tactics. A distinction is made between two types of partisans; those under army orders and those who work under the direction of the Party. Yugoslav and Greek partisans are cited as examples of the latter. There is a weekly lecture on the war in Korea, in which the technical superiority of the US troops is admitted, but contrasted with the moral superiority of the Communists. Party history is one of the main courses, with emphasis on the foundation of the Cominform Bureau.
- 23. Political and technical seminars are held weekly in order to test the progress of the students in all departments, but again with emphasis on political training.

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